Our National Government

Photo: Barack Obama attends a briefing on Afghanistan in the Situation Room of the White House. Taken by Pete Souza, White House. Released into public domain by the United States federal government.
Agree
(a·gree)

Definition: To have the same opinion as someone else.
Example: The role of the Supreme Court is to listen to people who do not agree and to decide who is right based on the laws of the United States.
Armed Forces
(Armed Forces)

Photo: At sea with USS Bataan (LHD-5) Jul. 17, 1999. Released into public domain by the United States Navy.
Photo: Soldiers from the 1st Armored Division drive their M-1A Abrams tank. Frankfurt, Germany. February, 2005. Released into public domain by the United States Army.
Photo: Amphibious Assault Vehicles enter the well deck. Taken by Mate 2nd Class Jennifer Swader. Released into public domain by the United States Navy.
Photo: United States Coast Guard rescue diver jumps from a HH-60 Jayhawk during a demonstration at the 2004 Seafair in Seattle, Washington. ©2004 by Brandon Weeks. Some rights reserved www.creativecommons.org/licenses/by/3.0
Branches of Government
(Branches of Government)

Definition: The three parts of the US government that deals with one particular part of the running of the United States.
Example: In the United States, the three branches of government work together to protect and serve the American citizens.
British
(Brit·ish)

- Relating to or coming from Great Britain
- Example: The Revolutionary War was between the British Army and the Continental Army.

Illustration: Grenadier, 40th Regiment of Foot, 1776. Illustrated by P. W. Reynolds in 1894. This work is in the public domain in the United States because it was registered with the U.S. Copyrights Office or published before January 1, 1923.

Photo: Flag of the United Kingdom, Union Flag. This work is in the public domain in the United States because it was registered with the U.S. Copyrights Office or published before January 1, 1923.
Capitol
(Cap·i·tol)

Courtroom
(court·room)

Definition: The room where a case is judged by a court of law.
Example: When the judge spoke, the whole courtroom fell silent.
Elect
(e·lect)

Definition: To choose someone for an official position by voting.
Example: Many people voted in this election to elect a new government.
Government
( gov·ern·ment )

Definition: The group of people who govern a country, state, etc.
Example: The president of the United States is only one person working in the United States government.

Definition: The larger of the two branches of government who make the laws in the U.S.
Example: In 2010, 53 people were sent to the United States Congress to represent the state of California in the House of Representatives.
President
(pres·i·dent)

Definition: the highest executive officer of a modern republic, as the Chief Executive of the United States.
Example: In November 2008, Barack Obama won the election and became the 44th President of the United States.
Senate
(sen·ate)

Definition: The smaller of the two groups of people who make the laws in countries such as U.S.
Example: Each of the 50 states sends 2 people to the United States Senate.
Senator (Sen·a·tor)

Definition: A member of the Senate.
Example: In addition to being United States Senators, many senators have also done other important things in their life.

Photo: John Herschel Glenn Jr. is a former American astronaut, Marine Corps fighter pilot, and United States Senator. October, 1998. Released into public domain by the National Aeronautic and Space Agency.
Photo: United States Army First Lieutenant Daniel K. Inouye was awarded the Medal of Honor for his actions during World War II. Released into public domain by the United States Army.
Supreme Court Judges
(Su·preme Court Judg·es)
Taxes
(tax·es)

Definition: The money you must pay the government, based on how much you earn, what you buy, where you live, etc.
Example: We pay *taxes* when we buy things we like to eat.